

Attorney Docket No. P12916-US1  
Customer Number 27045

### **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

#### **Listing of Claims**

1. - 19. (Canceled)

20. (Previously Presented) A method of synchronizing nodes of a telecommunication network in which a master node is coupled to a Primary Reference Clock (PRC) and a plurality of slave nodes are arranged to synchronize their internal clocks to the PRC using data received on incoming data links, the method comprising:

propagating Synchronization Status Messages through the network from the master node, with each node through which a Message passes incorporating into the Message its own identity, thereby generating in each Message a path which has been followed by the Message;

waiting a predetermined amount of time to introduce an additional delay in the propagation of the Messages in at least certain of the network nodes; and

for each of at least some of the incoming links of each node, registering a path or path length of a Synchronization Status Message received on that link as an attribute for that link.

21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, further comprising selecting that incoming link having an attribute indicating the shortest path length from the master node as the link to synchronize on.

22. (Previously Presented) The method claim 20, further comprising propagating Synchronization Status Messages on initializing a new network.

Attorney Docket No. P12916-US1  
Customer Number 27045

23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, further comprising sending Synchronization Status Messages at intervals to enable the network to cope with dynamic changes in network architecture.

24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein Synchronization Status Messages are generated in response to receipt at the master node of a Synchronization Status Request Message sent from another network node.

25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, further comprising generating a Synchronization Status Message at a slave node in response to receipt at that slave node of a Synchronization Status Request Message sent from a neighboring slave node, with the Synchronization Status Message including an identification of the path over which the sending slave node has been synchronized.

26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein a node through which a Synchronization Status Message passes adds to the Message its own distance from the master node and, for each incoming link, a node registers the distance included in a Synchronization Status Message received on that link as an attribute for that link.

27. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the network is a UMTS network.

28. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the additional delay introduced by a slave node is the same for all slave nodes which introduce an additional delay.

29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the additional delay increases with distance from the master node.

Attorney Docket No. P12916-US1  
Customer Number 27045

30. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the additional delay to be introduced by a node for a Synchronization Status Message is identified in the Synchronization Status Message.

31. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20, wherein the additional delay to be introduced by a node for a Synchronization Status Message is defined by an additional delay table stored at the node.

32. (Previously Presented) A telecommunications network, comprising a master node coupled to a Primary Reference Clock (PRC) and a plurality of slave nodes, each of the slave nodes being arranged to synchronize its internal clock to the PRC using data received on an incoming data link, and each of the slave nodes comprising:

- means for receiving on an incoming link to the node, a Synchronization Status Message incorporating identities of the nodes through which the Message has passed;

- means for registering a path or path length of the Synchronization Status Message as an attribute for the link on which it was received;

- means for incorporating into a Message the identity of the node, thereby generating in the Message a path which has been followed by the Message; and

- means for propagating a Synchronization Status Message having an incorporated identity to a neighboring node using an outgoing link, wherein at least some of the nodes in the network are configured to wait a predetermined time to introduce an additional delay in the propagation of the respective Messages having incorporated identities.

33. (Previously Presented) A node for use in a multi-node telecommunications network, comprising:

- means for receiving on an incoming link to the node a Synchronization Status Message incorporating identities of nodes through which the Message has passed;

- means for registering a path or path length of a Synchronization Status Message as an attribute for the link on which it was received;

Amendment - PAGE 4 of 12  
EUS/JIP/05-9130

Attorney Docket No. P12916-US1  
Customer Number 27045

means for incorporating into a Message an identity of the node, thereby generating in the Message a node path which has been followed by the Message and forming a modified Message; and

means for propagating the modified Message to neighboring nodes using outgoing links, after waiting a predefined additional time delay.

34. (Previously Presented) A method of synchronizing nodes of a telecommunication network in which a master node is coupled to a Primary Reference Clock (PRC) and a plurality of slave nodes are arranged to synchronize their internal clocks to the PRC using data received on incoming data links, the method comprising:

propagating Synchronization Status Messages through the network from the master node, with each slave node through which a Message passes incrementing a distance counter contained in the Message, thereby generating in each Message a path length taken by the Message;

waiting a predetermined amount of time to introduce an additional delay in the propagation of the Messages at least certain of the network nodes; and

for each of at least some of the incoming links of each node, registering the path length of a Synchronization Status Message received on a link as an attribute for that link.

35. - 38. (Canceled).